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How to use sutj.cls

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Abstract. The manuscripts for SUT Journal of Mathematics should be prepared using the journal class file sutj.cls. This paper explains how to use the class file sutj.cls. The source file of this pdf contains comments on each entry and can be used for template file. If you have any question on this file, please contact the editor-in-chief of the journal.

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§1. Introduction

To submit a paper to SUT Journal of Mathematics, it is preferable to prepare the manuscript using sutj.cls. This file explains how to use it.

The environments Theorem, Proposition, Lemma, Corollary, Definition, Example, and Remark are already defined. Please use as they are.

Theorem 1.1. The series

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{n} \frac{1}{n^s}$$

converges absolutely on the half plane $\Re(s) > 1$.

Proof. To write a proof, use the proof environment.

Definition 1.2. The function $\zeta(s)$ in Theorem 1.1 is called the *Riemann zeta* function.

Example 1.3. It is known that $\zeta(2) = \pi^2/6$. Other special values at even positive integers are also known. To obtain these formulas, one uses the infinite product expression of sin z:

(1.1)
$$\sin z = z \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{n^2 \pi^2} \right).$$

The reference to the equation is like (1.1).

Remark 1.4. The function $\zeta(s)$ has an analytic continuation to the whole complex plain.

References citations are like [2, Theorem V.2.1] and [1]. A commutative diagram can be written by xymatrix:

$$\cdots \xrightarrow{d_{i+j+1}} A_{i+j} \xrightarrow{d_{i+j}} \cdots \xrightarrow{d_{j+2}} A_{j+1} \xrightarrow{d_{j+1}} A_j$$

$$\sigma_i \bigg| \qquad \sigma_1 \bigg| \qquad \sigma_0 \bigg| \qquad \psi$$

$$\cdots \xrightarrow{d_{i+1}} A_i \xrightarrow{d_i} \cdots \xrightarrow{d_2} A_1 \xrightarrow{d_1} A_0 \xrightarrow{\pi} A/J^l \longrightarrow 0,$$

Formulas in multiple lines are better typeset using **align*** (or commands alike) than obsolete **eqnarray**:

$$f(x) = \cos x,$$

$$g(x) = \exp x.$$

If you have an overfull box, you can see a black mark like

 $\sin x + \sin 2x + \sin 3x + \dots + \sin 100x + \sin 101x + \dots + \sin 1000x + \sin 1001x + \dots + \sin 100000x$

at the end of line. Please adjust so that no overhull box occurs. Before submitting your article, please run spell-checker.

Acknowledgments

Your grant information should be included here.

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