HSCサーヴェイと多波長観 測プロジェクトとのシナジー

Nobuhiro Okabe 「銀河団の物理」ワークショップ 2013/Dec/28

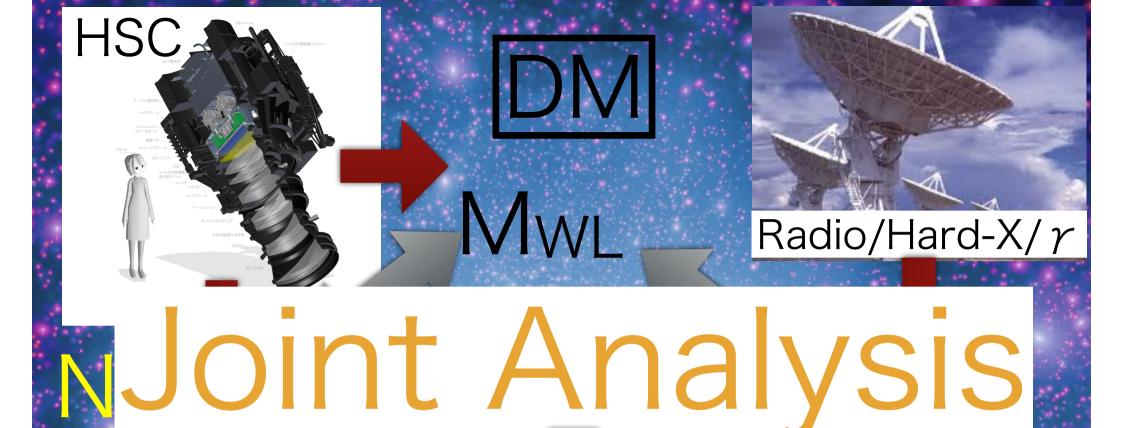
DM

Mass Distribution ?

Dynamical state of ICM?

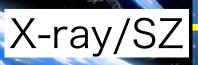
Co-evolution?

Acceleration of CR ? galaxies/ICM CR/B



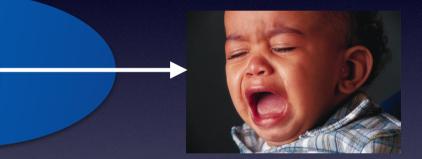
Open Problems





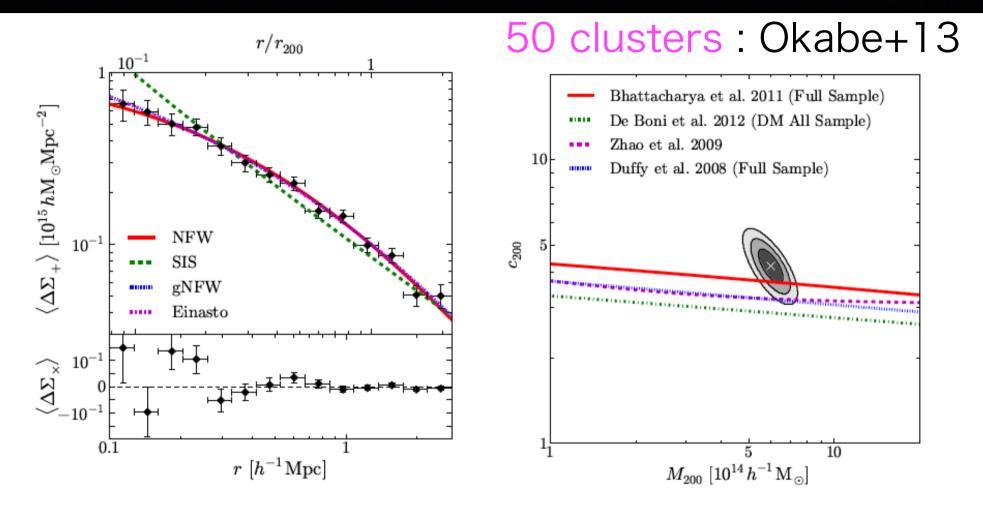
HSC Cluster WL(1400deg²)

 1: WL analysis for individual clusters M₂₀₀>5x10¹⁴M_{sun}/h: z<0.6 scatter=0.2 theoretically expected number of clusters~170
2: Stacked WL analysis



Less sensitive to substructures/triaxiality of individual cluster thanks to random distribution. M₂₀₀>10¹³M_{sun}/h: z<0.6 #clusters~190,000 M₂₀₀>5x10¹³M_{sun}/h: z<0.4 #clusters~10,000 HSC survey will discover less massive clusters/ groups and high-z clusters http://risa.stanford.edu/cluster/

Stacked WL



Powerful to understand average properties of cluster mass distribution for statistically well-defined, unbiased sample.

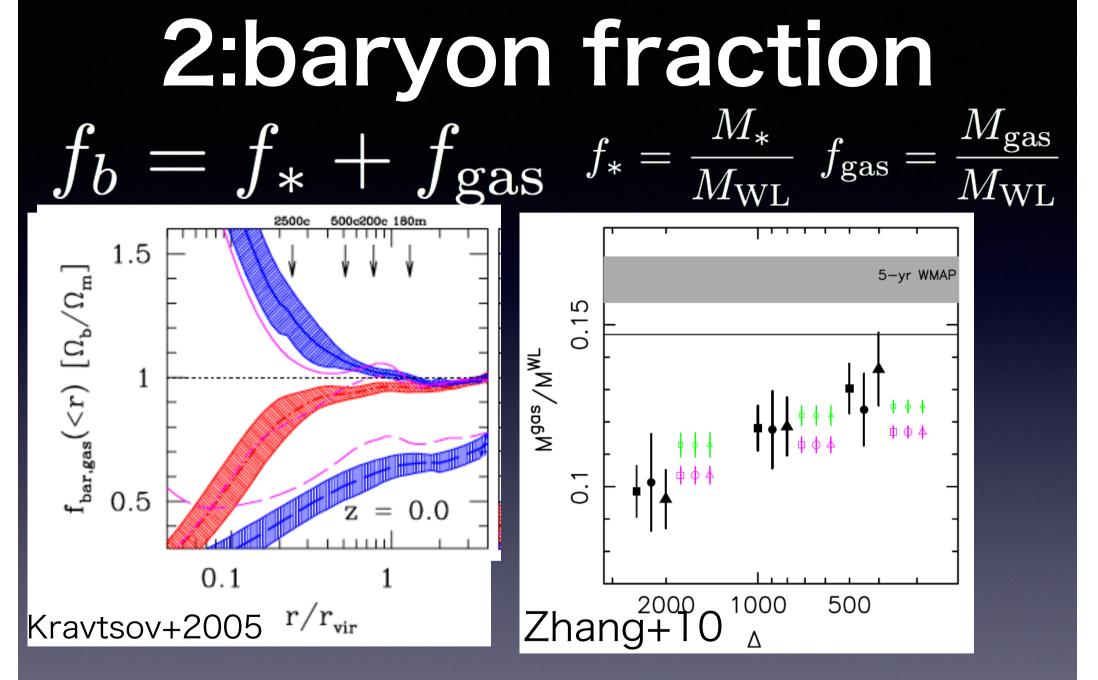
1: MH.E. VS MWL

Test Hydrostatic Equilibrium

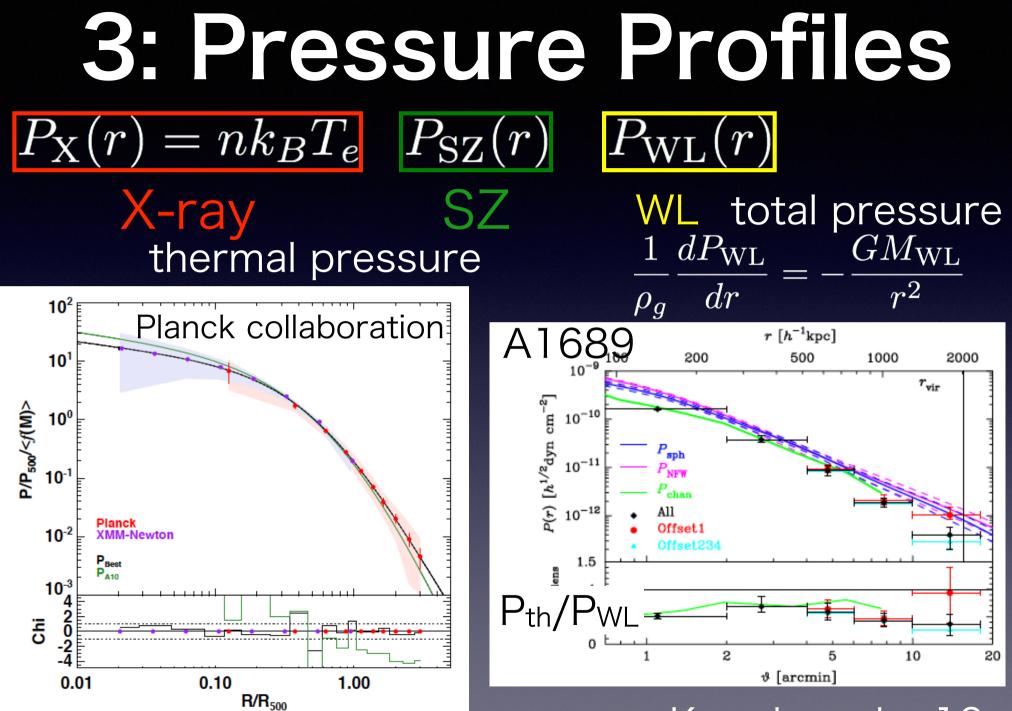
X-ray : Hydrostatic Equilibrium Assumption
WL : no assumption of dynamical state
Mass scatter from substructures/triaxiality
Stacked Lens recovers an average of mass.



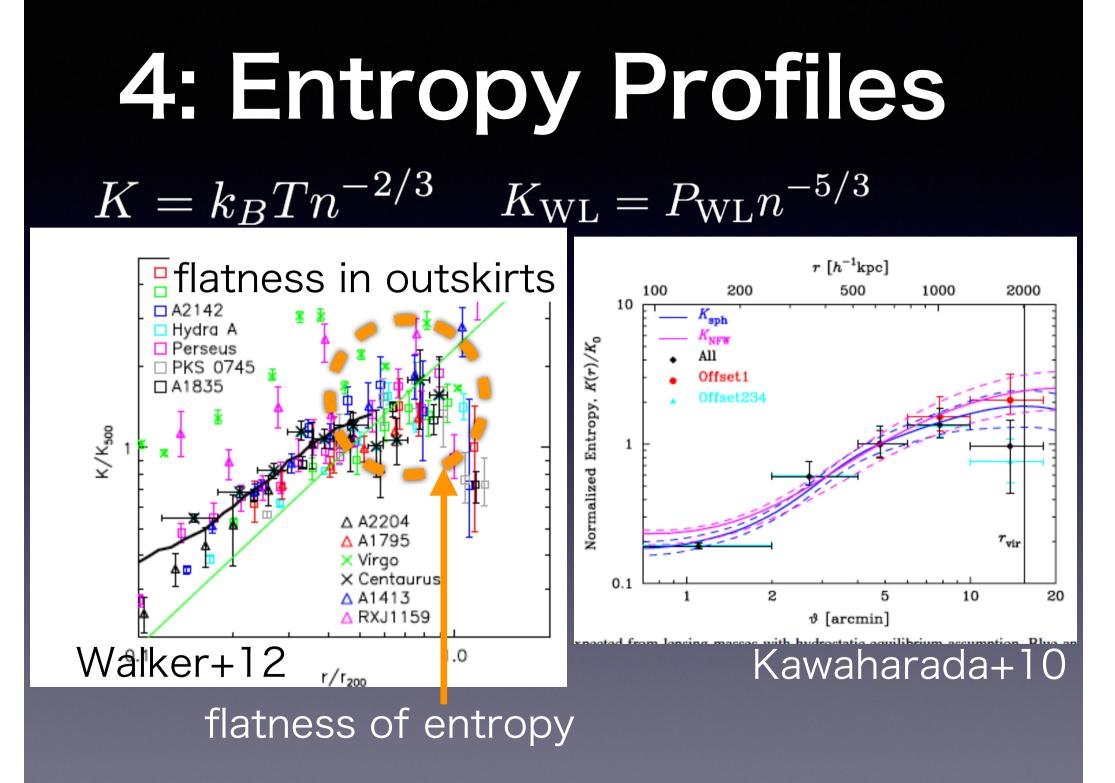
1:Radial profile of MH.E./MWL (Zhang+10; Mahdavi+13) 1)r<r500 : eROSITA (XMM/Chandra) Systematic Study for HSC clusters 2)r<rvir : Astro-H Systematic Study for subsample of HSC clusters 2:Direct Measurement of turbulence by Astro-H/SXS SXS : core of very luminous X-ray clusters. Well-known X-ray clusters SXS Well-known clusters in the X-ray survey region ne/

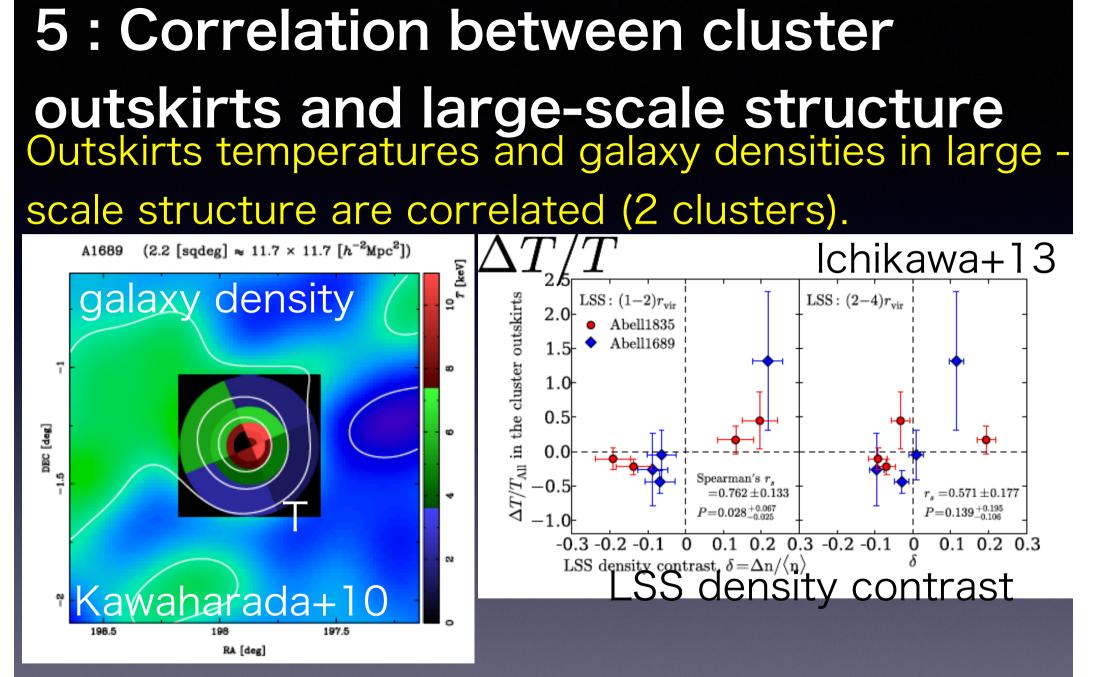


 $\Omega_b / \Omega_m (\text{WMAP}) = 0.1659 \pm 0.0172$ $\Omega_b / \Omega_m (\text{Planck}) = 0.1434 \pm 0.0094$



Kawaharada+10





HSC survey will provide us with the information galaxy distribution. n, T, P, K vs LSS / redshift evolution ??

Outskirts problem Temperature/entropy in outskirts is lower than expected by shock-heating model. Interpretations gas clumsiness (Nagai+11) kinetic energy of ion (Kawharada+10) ion temperature (Hoshino+10) New Era Current our approaches 1: WL/SL (Suprime-Cam) HSC/WL 2:Galaxy information (SDSS/2MASS) **HSC** 3:Cross check with Astro-H/eROSITA·· Suzaku/XMM/Chandra/ROSAT 4: Planck SZ

6: Metal Abundance

Fossil records of chemical evolution seeded by the stellar initial mass function (IMF) and star formation history (SFH). A link between metal abundance

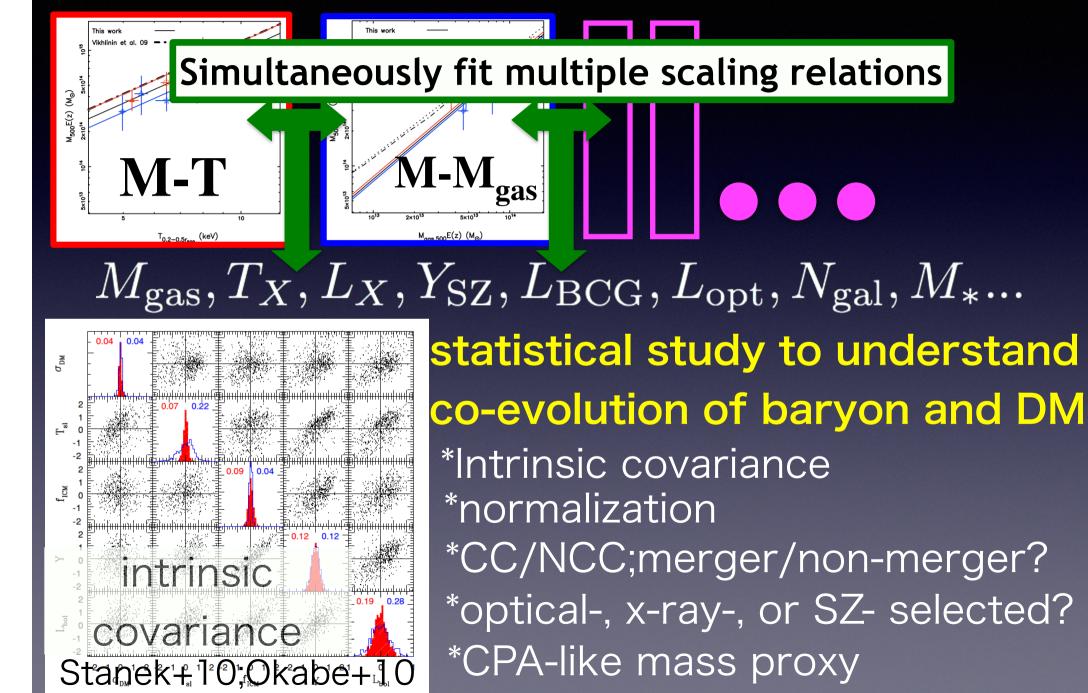
and MwL, redshift, M*, Lopt, Nopt

| | | | m | as | SS | -tc | o-lig | yht | r | at | tio |
|---|-----------------|------|---|-----------|-----------------|---------|--|--------------|--------|-------------|-----|
| | (a) | 0.01 | | D NGC5044 | 0 | ⊖ HCG62 | ⊙ ⊙ A262 - | - O A 1060 - | O_AWM7 | O Centaurus | |
| | Integrated IMLR | 10-3 | - | U | NGC1550 ≪ | 0 | | | | | - |
| | | 10-4 | | | Fornax NGC50 | | r<~0.1 r₁₈₀ r<~0.25 r ₁₈₀ | | | 1 | |
| Э | to- | +2 | 0 | 11 |) 1 | emper | 2 ature (keV | D | Τ | • | 5 |

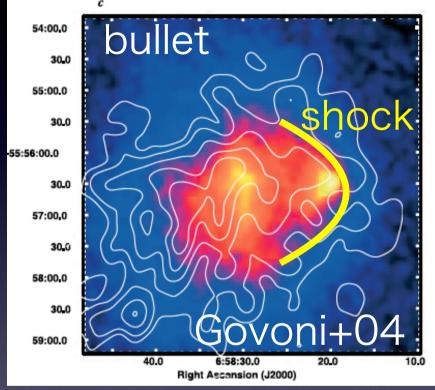
MFe/M_{*} MFe/Lopt

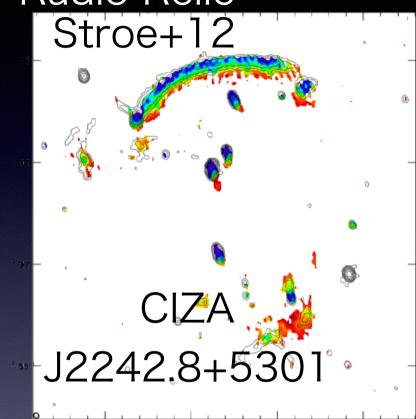
MwL/redshift

7: Multivariate scaling relation

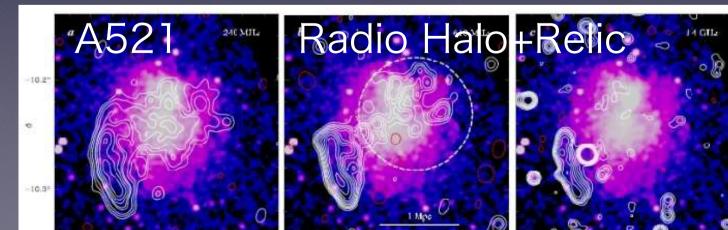


8:Non-thermal Physics Radio Halo Radio Relic





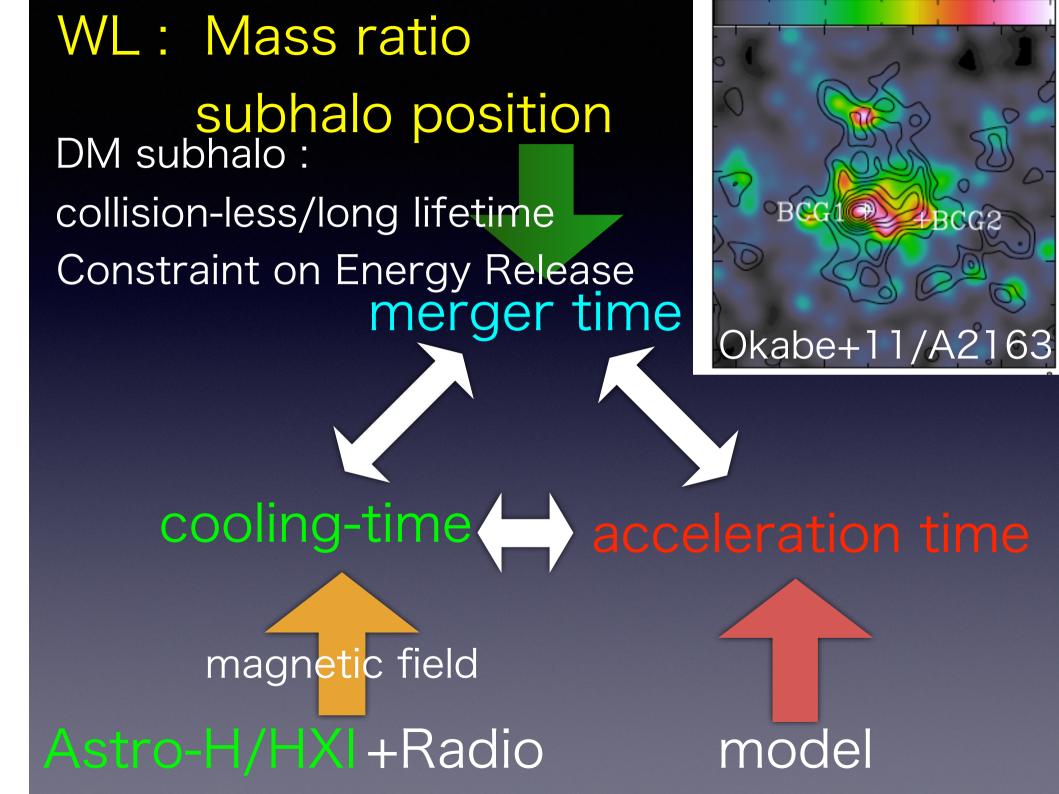
43^m 00



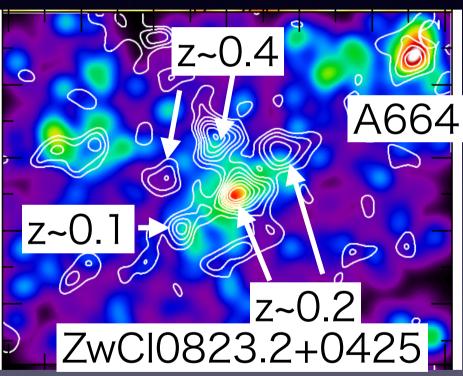
Brunetti+08

42⁽¹¹ 00⁽⁵

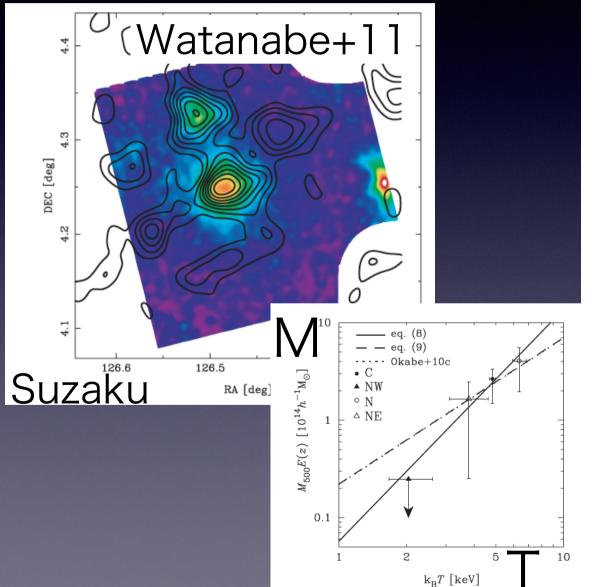
40^m 30^S



Follow-up X-ray Observation of WL-detected halos Lens : mass along the line-of-sight $S_X \propto n_e^2$



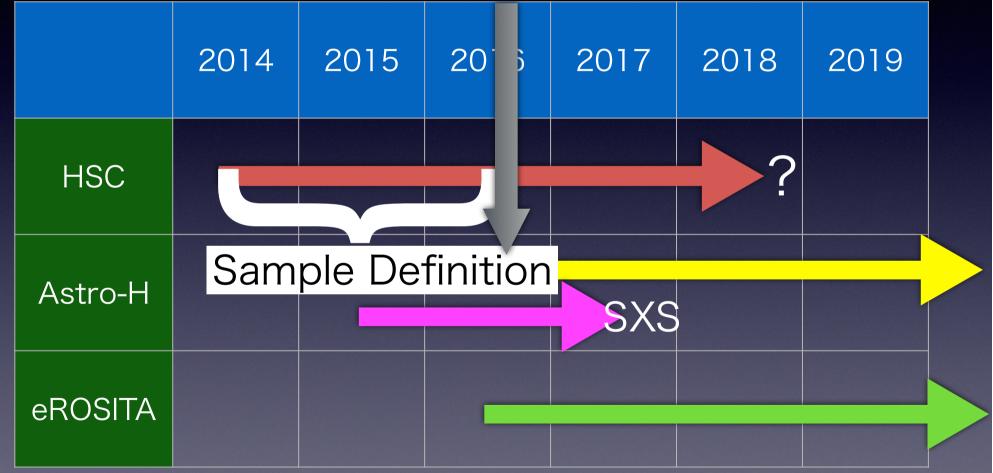
Galaxy distribution w/ mass contours Okabe+10



Follow-up Observations by Astro-H/SXI **One pointing** $M_{200}>5x10^{13}M_{sun}/h$: z<0.4 #clusters~10,000 10ksec / each cluster Total exposure = $10000 \times 10 \text{ksec}/(6000 \text{ksec/yr})$ ~17 yr **Out to virial radius** $M_{200}>5x10^{14}M_{sun}/h$: z<0.3 #clusters~85 Total exposure = 85x200ksec/(6000 ksec/yr) ~3 yr NEED Sample unrealistic Definition

Schedule

Proposal for follow-up SXI observation



Suzaku/S-Cam & Astro-H/HSC

Suzaku/Subaru collaboration for clusters started from 2007, published highly-cited papers, will publish high-quality papers.

No reason to stop here

Astro-H and HSC!!!